

THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.]

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1797.

[Vol. V.—No. 604]

VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water streets) A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale. The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and selling of such articles therein between the times of public sales as may be on limitation. They likewise offer their services in transacting any kind of Commission Business.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th 1796.

PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday next, will be sold, at the Coffee-House in Alexandria, Messrs. NICHOLSON & MORRIS'S

NOTES.

To the amount of between Twenty & Thirty Thousand DOLLARS, which have about 12 Months to run.—A Credit of 60 days will be given, for negotiable notes in the Alexandria Bank, with approved Indorsers.

MARSTELLER & SONS, v. m.

Feb. 15.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE, BY

Coats Ridgway,

At his Store in Fairfax street, nearly opposite Messrs. Patton & Butcher's, a general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the Season—which I will dispose of at the most reduced prices for Cash. Flour, Wheat, Indian Corn, Flax-seed, &c. For which, a generous market price will be given, or approved Notes, at the usual Credit.

I have also Stores conveniently fitted to receive Flour, and will store it on the customary terms.

COATS RIDGWAY.

Feb. 15.

Great Falls of Potomac.

THE President and Board of Directors having ordered me to considerably increase the number of their hands.—I am ready to engage from 50 to 100 servants on liberal terms for one year.

Any person disposed to send 20 hands, may send with their people an overseer, who will have from 20 to 30 dollars per month, and have the sole direction and charge of the people he brings.

The people will be allowed good rations, blankets, and medical assistance, should any accident take place; a doctor being engaged for the use of the workers. I will also give good allowance to a woman who will cook for each squad. Application to be made to me personally or by letter directed thus,

CHRISTOPHER MYERS.

Engineer to the Potomac Comp.

MATILDA,

Via Alexandria.

December 21.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

BRYAN HAMPSON,

A quantity of

Sun Raisins in kegs and

boxes—soft shelled Almonds—green Grapes in jars—a quantity of first quality Malaga Wine in quarter casks—Sugar in hhds. and barrels—fresh Lemons in boxes, with a general assortment in the Wet Good and Grocery Line.

February 11.

1st M.

Apprentices wanted

By the subscriber, two or three stout active lads for the new ship Liberty—and also one for a mill near town. Speedy application is requisite.

JOHN MANDEVILLE.

February 9.

Will be Sold at Auction,

For approved negotiable notes at 90 and 150 days.

THE SHIP

SUFFOLK,

About 203 11-25 tons, carries 250 hhds tobacco, almost new—launch, well found, and is a remarkable fall sailer. This sale will be held at the Coffee House, at one o'clock on Tuesday the 21 inst. In the mean time, the ship may be seen at Ramfay's wharf, and examined on application to Captain Dagget, master on board.

February 16.

For Charter,

THE BRIG

Virginia,

Buethen 300 hhds of tobacco, or 1000 apply to

SHREVE & LAWSON.

Who have for sale—Queen's ware in crates, well assorted; glass ware; double Gloucester cheese in hampers; Liverpool salt in sacks and loafs; pipes in boxes; pearl barley in kegs; bar lead; candles by the box

On, 18.

Freight wanted;

For Boston or Rhode Island.

The Schooner RANGER, Lying at Harper's wharf, will take about 300 barrels on freight—apply to the master

on board, or to

February 11.

COGNAC Brandy, in pipes. Holland's Geneva, Liverpool fine, Lisbon, and Alluin Spanish Hides, &c.

FOR SALE BY

Fletcher & Otway.

December 31.

Andrew & Wm. Ramfay

Have imported in the brig Dolly, via New York from Oporto, ten pipes, ten hhds. and twenty quarter casks of

PORT WINE,

of a very superior quality which they now offer for sale at their warehouse, King Street.

They have also on hand, Madeira Wine in pipes, hhds. and quarter casks. Lisbon do. in pipes. Teneriffe do. in hhds. Sherry do. in quarter casks. Port do. in bottles and a quantity of well assorted bar iron.

Dec 6.

JOHN G. LADD,

HAS for sale at his Warehouse, on Prince Street,

West-India and Conti-

mental Rugs, Holland Gin, Sugar, Boston Beef, Lisbon, Malaga, and Wine, Sherry, Sail Cloth, Irish Linen, Crockery Ware, Pipes, Men's and Women's Shoes, Boots and Booties, Writing, wrapping and bonnet paper, Seal Leather, Cheese, Soap, Mould and dipped Candles, Salt, Shelled Almonds, Vinegar, Tanner's Oil, Timothy and Clover Grass Seed, &c.

February 7.

GEORGE DRINKER and JAMU-

EL STANBURY having entered into partnership under the firm of

Drinker and Stanbury,

in the Store formerly occupied by George Drinker, have purchased a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery and Brass

Ware, Castings, &c.

White Lead Ground in Oil

Spanish Brown do. do.

Yellow Ochre do. do.

Red lead; Prussian blue; patent yellow

vermilion; verdigris; chalk; whitening and

putty; 7-8, 8-10, 9-11 and 10-12 win-

dow glass; powder and shot; copal and

common varnish; spirit of turpentine; har-

ters trimmings; aqua fortis; quick silver;

logwood and glue; white soap; mould and

dipped candles; flates; brushes; corks,

&c. &c.

ALSO

A small assortment of DRY GOODS

wholesale, consisting of British calicoes,

muslins, hosiery, medals, earthenware,

&c.

CLOVER SEED,

July 24

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

Wm. Hartshorne & Sons,

FIVE bales of 3 bushel sacks,

6 bales of elegant China,

2000 lbs of best New-York Stone

Lime,

30 barrels of Tar, and a few punche-

ons of 4th proof Jamaica Rum.

Also on hand,

Best Swedish and country made Bar-

Iron,

Sir. Ubel Salt,

James River Coal,

3d and 4th Nail in casks of 25 and 50

thousand each,

A few bales warranted Clover seed,

Cumbersome of a good size,

And a quantity of Rugs.

December 18.

PHILIP WANTON,

RESPECTFULLY informs that he has removed his Merchandise to his Store lately occupied by Janney & Duff, in Prince Street, near Bickens and Newton's new

buildings, where he is opening an extensive assortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY and BRASS WARE, lately received from Europe, and selected from several importations.

Also,

A few tons of Pot metal well assorted,

A quantity of 56's and smaller weights,

Soal Leather,

Excellent Indigo and Dye Stuffs,

Cloyer and Timothy feed.

Flour Stored, and other Merchandise,

received for sale on commission.

N. B. A valuable lot, corner of Fairfax and Wilkes street, will either be sold whole or divided in smaller lots—the terms will be made easy. If not disposed of at private sale, prior to the 15th of 3d month next (March) shall then be sold at public sale.

P. WANTON.

Alex. 22th 1st mo.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the Partnership of ROBERT YOUNG & CO. hath this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and the books of said concern removed to the office of Philip Richard Fendall, where in future all concerned will apply. It is earnestly requested that all those who have claims will exhibit them for adjustment on or before the first day of April next, so that the whole amount may be ascertained, and some mode proposed for their ultimate discharge.

All those indebted to the said concern are earnestly requested to discharge the same without delay.

The Store and Warehouse occupied by Robert Young & Co. will be let for 6 years, or their right therein sold for that term.

ROBERT YOUNG,

PHILIP R. FENDALL.

January 20.

WE have Stores conveniently fitted to

receive Flour, and will store it on the customary terms.

MANDEVILLE & JAMESSON.

February 4.

Jackson & Dunnington,

HAVE just received and for sale, at their Store in King Street,

A Small Assortment of

HARDWARE,

Consisting of

Copper and Iron Tea Kettles, Gridirons,

Chafing Dishes, Box Coffee Mills, Fat

Knives, Frying Pans, Spades and Shovels,

Razor Straps, Shaving Boxes, Shor and

Hearth Brushes, best steel plate Hand Saws,

Carpenter's Rules, Powder and Shot, Gun

Worms, Shovels and Tongs, &c. &c. &c.

and 20d. Nails, &c. &c.

November 22.

THE subscribers have imported in the

last vessels from London, and Liver-

pool,

A CONSIDERABLE ASSORTMENT OF

FALL GOODS.

Which they will dispose of on liberal terms,

in small packages, to particular men,

Wm. B. MAGRUDER & CO.

George Town, Nov. 3

per.

To be Rented.

A Two Story Brick House

on the north side of King Street, next door

to Mr. James Kennedy's, and opposite Mr.

David Davey's.—The terms apply to

JESSE TAYLOR.

January 26.

Very great Bargains

THE public are informed that the Goods remaining on hand at the Store under the direction of the subscriber, opposite to M'Knight's tavern will henceforth be sold at prices reduced below the very moderate ones at which they have heretofore been sold. The proprietors being desirous of closing the sales speedily, will accommodate retailers with a credit.

Wm. HICKMAN.

January 7.

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE and Lot, on Fairfax Street, in fee simple, lying north, and adjoining to Bryan Hampton's, now occupied by John Duffey.—The lot is 33 feet front, and 100 feet deep. The house is a large 2 story frame, with a back building of brick, with a cellar under the whole. There is also a frame stable on this lot.

One other Lot of Ground on Wolf Street, 80 feet, running back 106 feet 5 inches to a 10 feet alley on which is erected a back frame building, in which Thomas Lewis now resides. This lot is subject to a ground rent of four pounds per annum. For terms apply to

JOHN JANNEY

FOR SALE,

A Lot of Ground situate

on King Street between Water and Union Streets; 30 feet front and running back 116 feet to a 20 feet alley. Apply to

ALEXANDER GORDON,

Feb. 6.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of land containing 116 acres, lying on Cameron Run, distant about 5 miles from Alexandria. The situation is on many accounts eligible—it is remarkably healthy, a convenient distance from the great Newgate road, and commands a pleasing view of the greater part of the valley, through which the Cameron beautifully winds its course. This tract is well proportioned with respect to timber, upland and meadow ground, and has on it such improvements as might be easily adapted for immediate residence. For further particulars apply to

THEOPHILUS HARRIS.

January 4.

To be Let,

A STORE and Dwelling House in King Street, next door to William M'Knight's tavern. The house is in good repair, and very convenient for a small family, with a good kitchen and cellar under the whole. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, next door to the premises.

CHARLES M'KNIGHT,

January 26.

FROM EUROPE.

VIA BOSTON.

ARMY OF THE RHINE AND MOSELLE.

The Gen. in-Chief to the Executive Directory.

"Head-Quarters at Schillingen, November 12."

CITIZENS DIRECTORS,

The garrison of Kehl made a vigorous sortie to reconnoitre the line of circumvallation of the enemy.

Gen. Defaix was charged with the attack of the right, Gen. Decaen was in the centre, and Gen. Sice on the left.

The whole line of the enemy was forced, without a shot being fired with infinite intrepidity on the part of our troops: The enemy abandoned all their artillery, which were instantly spiked. Could we have anticipated a success so complete, and have had artillery horses ready, we might have taken twenty pieces of cannon at least. With the horses which we could spare of our own, we could only bring off ten pieces. We have made from fifteen to seven hundred prisoners, among whom are twenty officers, including a Col. and a Major. Such was the result of this battle.

As soon as it was thought that the enemy's corps de reserve was ready to attack us, Gen. Defaix caused the troops to return to their entrenchments. To attempt to maintain ourselves in those of the enemy, was an operation which was not amongst our projects.

The battle was one of the most obstinate of the war, and must have occasioned a considerable loss to the enemy. They cannot deny that the advantages were entirely ours.

The 19th, 106th, and 84th demi-brigades performed prodigies of valor. It was impossible for me to ascertain all the details of the instances of individual valor which were displayed on the occasion. I have promised to appoint provisionally to the rank of sub-lieutenant a sergeant of the 106th, who gave proof of uncommon courage. The General Officers who conducted the attack merit the highest eulogium.

General Defaix had his horse killed under him, and was slightly wounded. Gen. Lacombe had his horse wounded in two places.

Several officers equally distinguished themselves. — Ferion and Quetard, chiefs of brigade of the 106th and 84th were wounded. Melliro, chief of battalion of the 10th was amongst the foremost in forcing the entrenchments.

The good conduct of the troops upon this occasion ought to persuade the enemy, that if he is determined to attack Kehl, he will not carry it so easily as he may have been led to believe.

(Signed)

MOREAU."

Private letters transmitted to the Directory announce, that General in Chief Moreau was slightly wounded in the head with a ball. He has the modesty not to mention this circumstance, as probably from a desire to avoid all appearance of ostentation. — One of his Aids-de-camps had the lower part of his leg carried away.

FRANKFORT, NOV. 4.

General Moreau's head quarters are still at Schillingen, and General Defaix is stationed on the Island of the Rhine. Nothing important on the side of Kehl

will soon take place there; on both sides the most formidable preparations are making. The Republicans are completely demolishing the village of Kehl. They have burned a boat, which was stationed at some distance from the village, to the end that there might be nothing to mask their front. The Austrians, on their side, have demolished Neumuhl and Kork, or rather have converted them into barracks. All the inhabitants have been sent off. The head of the bridge of Kehl, furnished with redoubts, outer works, mines, &c. forms one of the most redoubtable fortresses constructed during any war. The great bridge, and also the bridges of boats are secured from an attack either by land or by water. The fortress itself is defended by 20,000 men and 30 guns.

FRANKFORT, NOVEMBER 9.

Letters from the frontiers of Tyrol state, that the French have been driven from the Bishoprick of Trente; and that Gen. Alvinzi is advancing towards Mantua, at the head of 50,000.

Letters from Vienna, dated the 2d instant, state that the Imperial Court has received a dispatch from Field-Marshal Wurmsler, by which it appears that the situation is by no means critical, and that since the successful combat of the 7th ultimo, nothing of any importance has occurred.

NOVEMBER 12.

The bridge redoubts at Huningen have surrendered, but the island on the Rhine holds out.

ARMIES ON THE LOWER RHINE.

The accounts from those quarters are to November 14, at which period, the French army lately commanded by Gen. Bournonville; but now said to be under Gen. Kleber, still remain in the vicinity of Coblenz, on the west side of the Rhine. The Austrians continue on the Sieg, under General Werneck, his head quarters being at Uckerad. Skirmishes between the contending armies occur daily, without and decisive consequence.

Accounts from Elberfeld, Nov. 4, says, that a few days before there was a smart action before Mulheim.

The French General Oudinot, in the name of Gen. Defaix, has proposed to Gen. Hotze, a partial armistice. The Imperialist would not agree to this, unless the French retired behind the Lautern.

On the Sieg tranquility prevails. Every thing depends on the attack upon Kehl.

Near Mannheim the French are increasing in great numbers. Reports say they are marching for winter quarters. Notwithstanding this, the imperialists are at work, night and day enlarging their works before Mannheim.

Reports say, that Gen. Count Wartensleben is dead of his wounds.

SUABIA, NOVEMBER 10.

The Arch-Duke Charles has been in several reconnoitering parties against the fortress of Kehl. — On the 4th the French made a sally from the side of Neumuhl, with a numerous corps, particularly cavalry, and repulsed the Austrian advanced posts, by means of their superiority in numbers; but the latter soon took up again their former position.

The Imperial troops which are now posted from Rastadt as far as Balle, form an army of nearly 100,000 men.

BRUSSELS, NOVEMBER 24

The Austrian corps commanded by gen. Neu, has again advanced from its intrenched position before Mentz, and taken post on the banks of the Seltz. The enemy have pushed their

whilst the French confined themselves to concentrate their force within the line, which extends from Biogen to Kaiferlautern. The movement of the Austrians has brought on several very smart engagements between the light troops of both parties, wherein the French and Imperialists have alternately proved victorious. In one of these affairs the republican gen. Klein surprised the whole chain of the enemy's advanced posts, put them completely to the rout, took a great number of men and horses, and forced the Austrians to recross the Seltz in the utmost disorder. After this expedition the French resumed their former position.

From the Lower Rhine we learn, that on the 11th of this month (21st Nov.) a very brisk action likewise took place on the banks of the Sieg. The republicans attacked the advanced posts of the Austrians, who defended themselves in so vigorous a manner, that the former were obliged to fall back.

The army of the north, encamped in the front of Mulheim, is under marching orders.

PARIS, NOVEMBER 12.

The dissensions which have prevailed between the army of the North, and that late under Gen. Jourdon have rendered it absolutely necessary to separate them. Gen. Bournonville, in consequence returns to Holland; and Gen. Kleber succeeds him.

The whole of the army of the Sambre and Meuse is now on the west side of the Rhine, except the corps which defends the bridge-head of Neuwied.

PACIFIC NEGOCIATION.

Lord Malmesbury has been here several weeks; but the prospect of Peace seems daily more and more obscured. He appears to be studiously cautious; not to make direct advances; and Delacroix as studious not to commit himself in the slightest degree, with this wary Negotiator. — Couriers are eternally passing between Paris and London; and from the manoeuvres daily making, it should seem that the negotiation was set on foot without one determinate point being contemplated. — Something between Status quo, and the *Uti Possidetis* will be insisted on; what that something will be, can exist only in the wild speculations of conjecture.

NOVEMBER 30.

In the midst of the preparations on the Rhine, there are several parties for the purpose of concluding an armistice. The Austrian general Kray, and the republican Bernadotte, have had a new conference on the suspension of arms, which was first proposed by the French generals. At the end of this conference, gen. Werneck, who commands on the Lower Rhine, dispatched a courier to the arch-duke Charles and general Bournonville sent Mr. Luyt, the commissary at war, to Paris with secret instructions.

The Austrians, who were forty or fifty thousand men, are now reduced to half the number. General Kilmaine has not discontinued the siege of Mantua, and has repulsed during the same time several sorties of the besiegers, who reckoned so much upon the success of the Austrian arms, that they lighted large fires as signs of rejoicing, but it was soon necessary to extinguish them.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"LOOK ON THIS PICTURE AND ON THAT."

Paine's Letter to General Washington has not been a topic of much public discussion; perhaps it was thought such glaring falsehoods bespoke their own conviction. — Peter Porcupine, however, in his Political Censor of December has

made the more acrimonious parts of his letter with some of his former writings has made Tom give himself the lie.

LETTER TO GEN. WASHINGTON.

When we speak of military character, something more is to be understood than constancy; and something more ought to be understood than the Fabian system of doing nothing. It is nothing but a part can be done by any body. — Old Mrs. Thompson, the house keeper of head quarters, (who succeeded to make the flag and the wind blowing thro' the window of New-York) could have done it as well as Mr. Washington. — Deborah would have been as good as Barak. The successful skirmishes at the close of one campaign, matters that would scarcely be noticed in a better state of things, make the brilliant exploits of Gen. Washington's seven campaigns. — No wonder we see so much unanimity in the President, we see so little enterprise in our Generals.

COMMON SENSE.

Voltaire has remarked that King William never appeared to full advantage but in difficulties. — In action; the same remark may be made on Gen. Washington, for the character fits him. There is a natural firmness in some minds which cannot be unlocked by artifice, but which, when unlocked, discovers a cabinet of fortitude; and I reckon it among those kind of public blessings which we do not immediately see, that GOD hath blessed him with uninterrupted health, and given him a mind that can even withstand upon

RIGHTS OF MAN, PART II.

Elevated to the chair of the Presidency, you assumed the merit of every thing to yourself, and the natural ingratitude of your constitution began to appear. You commenced your Presidential career by encouraging and swallowing the grossest adulation, and you travelled America from the end to the other, to put yourself in the way of receiving it. You have as many addresses in your chest as James the II. Monopolies of every kind marked your administration almost in the moment of its commencement. The land obtained by the revolution were lavished upon partisans; the interest of the disbanded soldier was sold to the speculator; injustice was added under the pretence of faith; and the chief of the army became the patron of the fraud.

I presume, that no man in his sober senses will compare the character of any of the kings of Europe with that of Gen. Washington.

As soon as nine states had concurred, (and the rest followed in the order their conventions were elected) the old fabric of the federal government was taken down, and the new one erected, of which Gen. Washington is President. — In this place I cannot help remarking, that the character and services of this gentleman are sufficient to put all those men called kings to shame. While they are receiving from the sweat and labour of mankind, a prodigality of pay, to which neither their abilities nor their services can entitle them, he is rendering every service in his power, and receiving every pecuniary reward. He accepted no pay as commander in chief; he accepted none as President of the United States.

DEDICATION TO PART I. OF THE RIGHTS OF MAN.

And as to you, Sir, treacherous in private friendship, and a hypocrite in public life, the world will be puzzled to decide, whether you are an apostate or an impostor; whether you have abandoned good principles, or whether you ever had any?

Sir, I present you a small treatise to defend of those principles of freedom which your exemplary virtue has so eminently contributed to establish. That the Rights of Man may become as universal as your benevolence can wish, and that you may enjoy the happiness of seeing the new world regenerate the old, is the prayer of,

Your most obliged and obedient humble servant,
T. PAINE.

Alexandria, February 18.

FROM EUROPE.

By the ship President, arrived at New-York from Liverpool, papers to the 17th of December have been received. The most important of their contents will be detailed in our next, in the interim, we present our readers with a few articles under the latest London date.

LONDON, DECEMBER 15.

This day we received the French journals to the 12th inst. The following are the leading particulars—

Louvet, in his papers of the 11th, says, a letter from Milan announces, that the flag of distress is flying on the ramparts of Mantua. He adds, that news which appears to be more certain, is, that Kleber, with 20,000 men, has passed the Rhine at Oppenheim, to annoy the operations of the Archduke at Kehl.

Letters from Strassburgh announce, that the bridge of Kehl has been destroyed, which makes it more likely that the place will fall into the hands of the Austrians.

A letter from Neuvièd states, that the Archduke has refused an armistice requested by Moreau.

The English have quitted the Isle of Elba, but have left a convoy there. It is thought they are about to return thither in considerable force.

The British fleet still remains in the road, it has 22 thousand troops on board.

Nothing further has transpired respecting the negotiations for peace. In the mean while the Directory send couriers to Vienna, the Emperor to Petersburg, and Lord Malmesbury to London.

As soon as nine months had concurred, and the rest followed, the order their conduct were elected.

Notices from the lords of the admiralty are posted up in Portsmouth, Portland, and Gosport, informing the inhabitants that all the fireships gunboats, &c. are completely equipped, and inviting the people to learn the use of artillery, and go on board these craft, in case the French should attempt to invade this kingdom, which, according to this state paper, appears to be a matter seriously intended.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Irish papers, of the 1st of December, have been received by an arrival at New-York—at that date tranquility prevailed in Ireland.

There have lately appeared in various American papers, Extracts of letters from Ireland, one of which dated Nov. 13 states, that "the Defenders had risen in Dublin and were joined by the militia;—that they had sent 12 regiments of English soldiers, and had taken 30,000 stand of arms out of the Castle."—Citizen Truguet has made the same declaration to the Executive Directory; but the London papers received, which are as late as December 15, contain not a single article to sanction even a probability of their being true.—Perhaps the communication between the Defenders and Directory is much freer than that between the Executive Officers of England and Ireland!

A severe press was going on in England and the navy.

Several Russian ships of war and frigates had arrived at the Nore.

The Spanish ambassador at Paris has announced to the minister for foreign affairs a libel printed at Bayonne, copies of which had been circulated through the whole of Spain. It contained an invitation to the people for insurrection.

Don Salano, the Spanish general who has been for some time with the

French army of general Duroc, is stated to have been appointed to the command of the garrison of Gibraltar.

DOMESTIC.

As an evidence of Mr. Adams's predilection for Monarchy, a Philadelphia paper remarks, that he was seen handing buckets of water at the late fire in that City!

At Wilmington, (N. C.) three of the crew of the French privateer Belone, taken up for the murder of an American Sailor, have been acquitted.

A curious piece of mechanism has been discovered in London, and displayed at Hyde Park: It is constructed so as to convey four different letters the space of a mile in one minute, and return an answer in the space of one minute and a half.

The Anna Pink, a vessel which failed round the world with Lord Anson 50 years ago, and was then about 40 years old, is at this time in Leith Harbour, and still a good ship, though near 100 years old.

Capt. White, of the ship Gen. Pinckney, arrived at Charleston from London, was detained several days in expectation of the commissioners appointed to settle the claims between the merchants of Great-Britain and the United States, to meet in Philadelphia, taking passage with him: But they could not get ready. They were to sail in a few days in a ship of war, for New-York.

Three decisions had taken place in the admiralty on the cases of American vessels captured by British ships of war, favourable to the claimants. This it is said will be the case with all such as can be substantiated. But while no doubt is entertained that restitution will eventually be made for the derangements our merchants have suffered; it is feared the ruinous consequences of the calamitous effects of war, have struck too deep to admit of full compensation.

Extract of a letter from a merchant in New-York, dated February 12.

"The Franklin is just arrived from London—by her papers are received to the 8th December. They mention that the directory and Malmesbury have agreed that restitution shall be the basis of a treaty; and the latter has sent for information as to the points to which England will concede.

"Pitt's loan for 15 millions was filled in 20 hours, and numerous applicants excluded."

Extract of a letter from Robert Fox, Esq. Consul of the United States, at Falmouth, (England) dated the 26th of November 1796.

"A vessel arrived to day from Lisbon, and the master reports that at Madrid, the populace would not permit Lord Bute to depart: and that the Spanish and French ministers at Madrid had been insulted. I have no other authority than the master of the ship; who says further, that the house of the Spanish minister was burnt; but I can hardly think it true."

EXTRACT

From the Speech of Governor Adams, to the Legislature of Massachusetts, on the 27th January.

FRIENDS AND FELLOW CITIZENS,

"I think it a duty incumbent upon me to acquaint you, and our fellow citizens at large, that having arrived to a stage of life, marked in holy writ, and verified by constant experience as a time of labor and sorrow, it is highly proper both upon my own account, as well as that of the public, to decline the future suffrages of my fellow citizens for the office I have now the honor to sustain. I have had this in contemplation near a twelve

month, and in my own opinion, and very probably in the opinion of others, to continue in this station; and I mention it now, that those of the Electors who may probably be too warmly attached to me, may not nullify their own votes by giving them for me. I have always been convinced that many others might have been found to fill my place, to greater advantage to the commonwealth than is now or ever has been in my power.

In the civil department during the times of war and of peace, I have fervently labored in various stations to the best of my ability, and I hope with general approbation; and I can say with truth, that I have not enriched myself in her service. My warmest thanks are justly due to my constituents for the confidence they have placed in me. When I shall be released from the burthens of my public station, I shall not forget my country.—Her welfare and happiness, her peace and prosperity, her liberty and independence will always have a great share in the best wishes of my heart."

COMMERCIAL.

By a report from the Secretary of the Treasury, relative to the exports of the United States, made to Congress, it appears that there has been exported during the last year—

	Dolls.
To Russia	47,381
Sweden	1,096,407
Denmark	2,675,509
Netherlands	7,875,364
Great-Britain	23,161,545
Imperial Territory and Dependencies	35,959
Hamburg, Bremen, &c.	9,471,498
France and its dominions	11,623,314
Spain and its dominions	3,650,678
Portugal and do.	559,448
Italy and do.	1,100,522
China and the East-Indies	1,352,860
West-Indies	3,367,940
Africa	537,355
North West Coast,	23,510
Europe for a market, &c.	281,725
Total Dolls.	67,064,097

Summary value for each State	
New-Hampshire	378,161
Massachusetts	9,949,345
Rhode-Island	1,589,872
Connecticut	1,452,793
New-York	12,208,027
New-Jersey	59,227
Pennsylvania	17,513,866
Delaware	201,142
Maryland	9,201,315
Virginia	5,268,615
North Carolina	671,487
South Carolina	7,620,049
Georgia	950,158
Total	67,064,097

FROM A NEW-YORK PAPER OF FEBRUARY 2.

Our readers have heard much of spies in our country from foreign nations. The following is a literal extract from the report of the French committee of safety, on the interior state of the republic, March 6, 1794, by Barrere.

"We have agents in every part of Europe—we have agents in America, from whom we learn the plots of the emigrants from the colonies, and of the envoys from the European courts."—"There is as it were an echo in Europe, and this echo repeats to the committee every political system adopted in Europe."

These confessions are very candid. The facts are perfectly in the character of the nation. Perhaps no nation on earth takes the same pains and are equally successful, in worming out the secrets of other people. The following anecdotes are told in private circles—if true, they verify the foregoing re-

When the negotiation of '93 was pending, the British minister, Mr. Oswald, lost his papers containing his instructions. They were taken out of his bureau, though locked. Mr. Oswald told Mr. Jay his papers were gone, and asked him how he contrived to secure his papers. Mr. Jay replied, he kept them in a pocket book within his coat, under his arm, and when he went to bed, he laid them under him. But, says Mr. Jay, you need give yourself no uneasiness about the papers; the French minister has them doubtless, and is taking copies—and when he has done this, the papers will be returned to their place. Accordingly, after two or three days, the papers were replaced in the bureau and the bureau locked as usual.

What led Mr. Jay to this conclusion was, a knowledge of similar tricks before. During the war, and while Mr. Jay was in Spain, a certain paper was sent by him to the secretary of foreign affairs in America. The paper arrived safe. Not long after, it was missing for several days, and then restored safely to its place. A few months after, and the first that Mr. Jay heard of it, the French minister in Spain showed him a copy of it. A clerk in the office of foreign affairs had been bribed, it was supposed, to obtain the paper for the French minister in Philadelphia, who copied it, sent back the original, and a copy to France, from whence it was sent to the French minister in Spain.

These anecdotes are repeated and believed in respectable circles. If they are not true, it is hoped we shall have good authority for contradicting them.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA.

ARRIVED.

Sloop George, Butler, Norfolk.

CLEARED.

Sch'r Polly, Silver, Salem.
Sloop Mary-Ann, Rhodes, Providence.
Betsey, Smith, do.

Subscriptions for PORCUPINE'S GAZETTE, received at this Office—The Conditions will be given in our next.

The Members of the St. Andrew's Society are informed, that a stated Quarterly Meeting will be held at the City Tavern, on Tuesday the 21st inst. at 9 o'clock P. M.

By order of the President,
CHAS. R. SCOTT, SECRETARY.
February 18 1796.

Was Found,

IN the Subscriber's stable, a few pieces of GOODS, & some other articles supposed to be stolen and secreted there. The owner is requested to come, prove the property, and take them away.

Wm. HARPER.

Feb. 18. Agreeable to the last will and testament of John Talbut dec. will be sold on the 25th day of May next, if fair, if not the next fair day:

A Tract of Land, lying

in Prince George's county, Maryland, about four miles from the Eastern branch, and 2 1/2 miles from Alexandria, being mostly uncleared, and containing 134 acres, binding on the lands of the widow Neal and Capt. Debutts. A particular description of the situation and value of the property is thought unnecessary, those who wish to purchase will no doubt view the premises before the sale. The sale will be on the land, the purchaser to have twelve months credit, on making the payment of the money secure. Attendance will be given by

ANN TALBUT, Executrix,
BENJ. TALBUT, Executor of John Talbut, deceased.

February 18. 1796.
BLANK BONDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Public Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Capt. Samuel Harrison, late of the town of Alexandria, dec. or to the estate of his late wife Barbara, by bond, note, book debt or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment.—And those who have any demands against either of the said estates, will please to bring their accounts forward regularly attested, that provision may be made for the speedy payment thereof.

P. MARSTELLER, Adm.

Jan. 24.

To Let,

For a term of three or more years, That valuable stand for business, situate on King Street, adjoining Mr. David Davey. The lot is 43 feet front, and 80 feet deep, on which is erected a two story brick house, 20 feet in front and 30 feet deep, a cellar under the whole—two rooms on each floor with fire places, a kitchen, bake oven, stable, and other conveniences for a family. Also, a warehouse, 18 feet front by 38 feet deep, with a small garden behind the same. For further particulars apply to

PHILIP MARSTELLER.

January 24.

To be Rented,

For a term of years, The House and Store on Harper's wharf, lately occupied by Robert Henderson,—the house is calculated for the accommodation of a family, and as a stand for the Wet Good and Grocery business, there is none superior in town. For terms apply to

JAMES CAVAN.

February 7.

Fire-wood & Locust posts for Sale.

ABOUT 250 cord of best green Oak and Hickory Wood, ready to be delivered at Mr. Mercer's landing on the south side of Aquia Creek, near the mouth, which will either be sold at the landing, or 100 a cord given for the freight to Alexandria or George Town, as offers may occur.—Apply to the subscriber, manager on the premises, who will also dispose of 200 barrels of Corn to be delivered at Marlborough, at the mouth of Potomac creek.

WILLIAM HAY.

February 4.

For Sale,

TEN Lots opposite Mr. James Keith's wharf, on the west side of Water Street. These lots are from 20 to 26 feet front, and from 63 to 123 feet deep, and have most of them an east front, and are in point of situation equal to any lots at the lower end of the town for private buildings. Any person wishing to purchase may be accommodated low for cash, or on a short credit.—Should any person be inclined to buy the whole, they will meet with a great bargain, by applying to the subscriber near Mr. Philip R. Fendall's.

ROBERT G. LANPHER.

For Sale.

NEAR the Great Falls of Potomac, in Loudoun county, 4 or 500 acres of Land sufficiently level for farming. About 100 acres are cleared and but little worn. This tract is well watered, and contains several acres of natural meadow. The timber is oak, hickory, and chestnut, and there is on one part of it a sufficiency of the latter alone to enclose perhaps the whole. Mr. Robert Reed who at present lives on the premises will show the land to any person wishing to view it, and the terms may be known by a letter directed to the subscriber, and left at the Post Office, Alexandria.

T. FAIRFAX.

January 12.

UNION BREWERY. Strong & Table Beer

now ready to be delivered to purchasers at the Union Brew-House.

A YOUNG gentleman wants a place in a mercantile house in this town—he possesses considerable information of business—his terms are very moderate, and he can produce the best recommendation from his former employers.—Apply to the printer.

February 14.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on Wednesday last, the 28th December, a negro man named SAM, about 21 years of age, near six feet high, a stout active fellow, with a brazen countenance, a caulker and ship carpenter by trade. Had on when he went away, a Bath coating round jacket and trousers, the fore finger on one of his hands is much buried.—It is expected that he has got a forged pass. The above reward will be paid on securing him in any jail, to that I get him again, and reasonable charges if brought home.

JOHN HUGHES.

January 3.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber a negro fellow named WILLIAM JACKSON, he is about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, about 27 or 28 years of age—had on when he went away a dark bottle green coat and waistcoat, a pair of velvet breeches, a pair of speckled worsted stockings and thick fox'd shoes with double ramp, he served his time at the cooper's business—he has worked a few months with me at baking. He possibly will endeavor to pass for a free m'n, as I understand he has got forged papers for that purpose. It is supposed he is gone towards Baltimore. Whoever apprehends him and brings him to me, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid.

THOMAS CRANDELL.

December 31.

100 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from Alexandria, on Tuesday the 12th of May, 1795, a mulatto fellow named SOLOMON BROKENBERRY, about 5 feet 8 inches high—he is now near 22 years of age,—is stout & well made, and turns his toes a little out when he walks. As he has been used chiefly to waiting in the house, and attending on gentlemen, he has acquired a good deal of politeness, speaks very well, but rather quick. He took with him a variety of good clothes. He was seen in Baltimore two days after he ran off from Alexandria, with a number of letters with him, some directed to merchants in Philadelphia, and others to merchants in New York, which letters I make no doubt were forged. At Baltimore I have been informed he took the stage for New York. He also was furnished with plenty of money to bear his expenses. Since the time he was seen in Baltimore, he has made his escape to Bolton, and was seen there by a young gentleman that lives in Alexandria in the month of July '95. This young gentleman saw him and talked to him there, he was then hired to a Mr. David Pearce, Jun. merchant, No. 35, Long Wharf, Bolton. He has also been seen there by Capt. Job Green. Capt. Green says he could never get to speak to him, he always gave him the dodge. Any person that will deliver him to Daniel Douglass, flour inspector, Alexandria, or to the subscriber, living at the Falls of Difficult, shall receive the above reward.

PRICHARD NEWBY.

February 2.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the Stone Quarry on Aquia creek, about Christmas last, a negro fellow named MANSUR. He is about 30 years of age, of the middle stature and has a scar on his upper lip, he had on a pair of white, a waistcoat turned up with blue, grey overalls, and a high crowned fur hat. As he is a very subtle, crafty fellow, it is probable he has obtained a pass from some person, altered his name and dress, and attempts to pass for a free man. If any person secures said slave in any jail in this State, so that I get him again shall have ten dollars. If taken out of this State and brought home the above reward.

Wm. HOOE.

King George Jan 27.

Wanted Immediately,

A N Overseer on the shares, on Shannock river, to work ten fellows with good horses, &c. found. The land is very good, and a very good share will be allowed. Any person that may suit, will be super produce satisfactory testimony of his ability, honesty, sobriety and industry. For further particulars apply to Messrs. Korn and Wilmiller, Alexandria, or to John Holker on Shenandoah river, Frederick County.

Nov. 25.

ON Thursday evening last, between this town and the turnpike, a small black Morocco Pocket Book, containing among sundry other papers of an use to any person but the owner, a bond from George Noble, Frederick county, to Thomas Harrison, for £62 10s. due in October last, also another bond from the same person for the same amount, due some time in the spring—also three small notes of hand, and a Bank bill of 5 dollars. Whoever has found the same and will leave it with the printer, shall receive a reward of 8 dollars.

Feb. 14.

Flour Store.

THOMAS PETERKIN will Store Flour for any length of time, at five pence per barrel, in the warehouse lately occupied by James M. M'Kee and Co. adjoining Messrs. Shreve and Lawson.

Where he has for sale, Coarse and Fine S^t, West India & N. E. Rum, Loaf & Brown Sugar, Coffee, Pepper, Indigo, and Salt Peetre, London Porter in hampers, Queen's Ware in crates, Tinner's Oil, 3d. and 4d. Nails, fine bull cl. sacks will'd, 100 barrels Tar.

November 15.

IN COUNCIL,

JANUARY 5, 1797.

ORDERED, That the Resolutions passed by the General Assembly at their last session, respecting certificates and bills of credit be published eight weeks successively in one of the Philadelphia and Alexandria Newspapers, and in one of the Baltimore, Frederick-Town, and Eastern papers, and the Maryland Gazette.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY,

Clerk of the Council of Maryland.

BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

DECEMBER 27, 1796.

RESOLVED, That the treasurer of the western shore be, and he is hereby authorized to pay off and discharge the principal and interest due on all certificates heretofore issued by the State of Maryland, other than those distinguished as fraudulent ones, provided the same be brought into the treasury for payment on or before the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven.

RESOLVED, That all holders of certificates heretofore issued and funded by the State of Maryland, bring the same to the treasury of the western shore for payment of principal and interest, on or before the first day of July next, and that no interest on any certificate heretofore issued, which shall accrue after the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, shall be paid thereafter, nor the principal sum until after the end of the next session of assembly.

RESOLVED, That such part of the five months pay, due to the officers and soldiers of the Maryland line, and due for services on board the barges, as shall not be demanded of the treasurer of the western shore on or before the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, be not paid to any person or persons demanding any part of the same until after the end of the next session of assembly.

RESOLVED, That the treasurer of the western shore be and he is hereby authorized to pay off and discharge the amount of principal and interest of such bills of credit of the emission under the act of June session, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, as may be produced and brought into the treasury on or before the first day of July next.

RESOLVED, That if any of the holders of bills of credit emitted in virtue of the act of June session, one thousand seven hundred and eighty, do not bring the same into the treasury of the western shore for payment, on or before the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, that all interest from that time cease thereon, and the principal not be paid until after the end of the next session of assembly.

RESOLVED, That the above resolutions be published for eight weeks successively in one of the Philadelphia and Alexandria newspapers, and in one of the Baltimore, Frederick-Town, and Eastern papers, and the Maryland Gazette, that the creditors of the State may be notified that funds are prepared for the discharge of their claims.

By order,

W. HARWOOD, Clk.

BLANK BONDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

A Marsh, Gr. B. and Saw Mill, in the county of Loudoun, about ten miles from Leesburg, with about 100 acres of land, one half low ground, cleared, and under a good fence. The other half in woods. The Mill house is built of stone, two stories high, 56 feet long, and 40 wide, one pair of large burr stone, and a pair of short hit stones, for country work. She is well calculated for merchant work, situate on Goose creek, on a never failing stream, about 40 miles from Alexandria, and the same distance from the Federal city. There is on the premises a good miller's house, a house, granary, and stable. The stone house is well finished, a large stone chimney, with three fire places, with a kitchen and cellar under the house, well adapted to the accommodation of a small family, and if not sold will be rented to any person that may apply. There is also on the premises another house not far from the mill, newly built, with two rooms, a stone chimney with two fire places, which will answer a family that may work the farm. One third part of the money to be paid down, the other two thirds in two yearly payments, to be secured, either by a mortgage on the premises, or personal security. Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

SIMON TRIPLETT.

December 13.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following valuable Property:—The Estate on which he now lives, known by the name of CLIFTON MILLS, containing 225 acres, about 70 of which are cleared and under good fencing, situate in Loudoun County, Virginia, near the turnpike road leading from Albany's gap of the Blue Ridge, to Alexandria, from which place, the City of Washington, and George Town, it is distant about 50 miles. The improvements are a large and well constructed Merchant Mill, with two water wheels and three pair of stones, two of which are burr—the is in complete repair, with the whole of Evans's machinery, and is capable of manufacturing 300 barrels Flour per week. A saw Mill. A large new stone distillery, forty feet square, with a sufficient quantity of copper to make 50 gallons of spirits per day. A house for the distiller, miller, cooper, waggoner, and blacksmith, with their several shops, &c. A new frame dwelling House, two stories high, with two chimneys and four rooms, handsomely finished, with kitchen, stables, &c. The Mill and Distillery, in point of situation and convenience are inferior to none. Also, the following parcels of Land in Kentucky—10,000 acres on the Red River, in the county of Clarke; 609½ acres on the waters of Big Sandy, in the county of Bourbon; 4,683½ acres in Madison county, within 7 or 8 miles of the Court house; 3,910 acres on the waters of the Rolling Fork, in Nelson county; 3,600 acres on the waters of Stinking Creek, Lincoln county, on which there is a very valuable salt spring and 7,500 acres, within three miles of Bullitt's salt works. Also, a tract of Land in the county of Alleghany, and State of Pennsylvania, containing 500 acres, together with a wagon and team of 5 good young Horses. To any person who will purchase the whole of the above property, the terms will be easy and accommodating. Cash, lots in the Town of Alexandria, Alexandria Bank Stock, or Morris and Nicholson's paper will be taken in payment for the whole or any part.

JOSEPH LEWIS, Jun.

Clifton, Nov. 28.

City of Washington,

January 12, 1797.

WANTED for the present year at the public works, in the city of Washington, a number of Laborers, for whom 70 dollars per ann. will be given, or 60 dollars from the 1st of March, to the 20th of December next. They will be found in every thing but their cloathing and attended by a physician at public expence when necessary.

ELISHA O. WILLIAMS.

Branding Irons

HANDSOMELY CUT,

Apply to Mr. Douglas, Inspector, or the Subscriber, near Gadby's Tavern. WHO continues to make, Roller or Plain Gun lock springs warranted, with any other parts wanting. Tails for Rapiers, Keys for high priced Locks, Pullicans, Hawk Bills, and most kinds of small work.—Unbreas also repaired, and capt. with green or red leather, if desired.

EDWARD H. TUCKER.

Feb. 15.